Chapter 01: Introduction to Anatomy and Physiology Cooper: Adult Health Nursing, 8th Edition

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1.	The anatomic term means toward the midline. a. anterior b. posterior c. medial d. cranial				
	ANS: C The term medial indicates an anatomic direction toward the midline.				
	DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge TOP: Anatomic terminology MSC: NCLEX: Physiological Integrity REF: 1 KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment				
2.	What are the smallest living components in our body? a. Cells b. Organs c. Electrons d. Osmosis				
	ANS: A Cells are considered to be the smallest living units of structure and function in our body				
	DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge TOP: Structural levels of organization MSC: NCLEX: Physiological Integrity OBJ: 6 KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A				
3.	at is the largest organelle, responsible for cell reproduction and control of other anelles? Nucleus Ribosome Mitochondrion Golgi apparatus				
	ANS: A The nucleus is the largest organelle within the cell.				
	DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge TOP: Parts of the cell MSC: NCLEX: Physiological Integrity REF: 5 KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment				
4.	When the patient complains of pain in the bladder, the patient will indicate discomfort in				

- 4. When the patient complains of pain in the bladder, the patient will indicate discomfort in which body cavity?
 - a. Pelvic
 - b. Mediastinum
 - c. Dorsal
 - d. Abdominal

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ANS: A

A subdivision called the pelvic cavity contains the lower portion of the large intestine (lower sigmoid colon, rectum), urinary bladder, and internal structures of the reproductive system.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Comprehension REF: 3 OBJ: 5

TOP: Body cavity KEY: Nursing Process Step: Assessment

MSC: NCLEX: Physiological Integrity

- 5. The four phases of cell division all occur in:
 - a. diffusion.
 - b. mitosis.
 - c. osmosis.
 - d. filtration.

ANS: E

During mitosis, the cell goes through four phases: prophase, metaphase, anaphase, and telophase.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge REF: 7 OBJ: 9

TOP: Cell division KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A

MSC: NCLEX: Physiological Integrity

- 6. Telophase is which phase of cell reproduction during mitosis?
 - a. First phase
 - b. Latent phase
 - c. Final phase
 - d. Spindle phase

ANS: C

During this final phase of cell division, the two nuclei appear and the chromosomes disperse.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge REF: 7 OBJ: 9

TOP: Cell division KEY: Nursing Process Step: N/A

MSC: NCLEX: Physiological Integrity

- 7. The nurse is aware that which muscle group is both striated and involuntary?
 - a. Skeletal
 - b. Glial
 - c. Cardiac
 - d. Visceral

ANS: C

The cardiac muscle is both striated and involuntary.

DIF: Cognitive Level: Knowledge REF: 9 OBJ: 11

TOP: Tissues KEY: Nursing Process Step: Planning

MSC: NCLEX: Physiological Integrity

- 8. What is a group of several different kinds of tissues arranged so that together they can perform a more complex function than any tissue alone?
 - a. Organ
 - b. System