

ATI

Pharmacology

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Version 1

1. A nurse is assessing a client who is receiving chloramphenicol (Chloromycetin). Which of the following findings is an adverse effect of this medication? (adverse effect is thrombocytopenia)

- Ecchymosis
- Ototoxicity
- Hypertension
- Anxiety

2. A nurse is caring for a client who is to receive 1,500 mL of 0.9% sodium chloride IV over 8 hours. The nurse plans to use IV tubing with a drop factor of 10 gtt/mL. How many gtt/min of IV fluid should the client receive? (Round your answer to the nearest whole number).

31 gtt/min

3. A nurse is admitting a client to a long-term care facility. While reconciling the medication prescribed at home with those prescribed in the facility, the nurse discovers a discrepancy in the dosages. Which action should the nurse take?

- Clarify the medication dosages with the provider
- Change the prescribed medication dosages to reconcile the discrepancy
- Contact the pharmacist regarding the dosage discrepancies
- Ask a family member to verify the medication dosages

4. A nurse is caring for a client who is receiving a fentanyl transdermal system (Duragesic). What is important to document in the client's record?

- Fluid intake
- Skin integrity
- Respiratory rate
- Pulse rate

5. A nurse is caring for a client who has acute angina and has a prescription for nitroglycerin. Which of the following is an appropriate intervention for the nurse to take when administering this medication?

- Massage the nitroglycerin ointment completely into the skin.
- Replace the nitroglycerin transdermal patch every 4 hours.
- Administer a sustained nitroglycerin tablet orally.
- Administer a nitroglycerin tablet sublingually every 5 minutes.

6. A nurse is preparing to administer infliximab (Remicade) to a client who has rheumatoid arthritis. The nurse should watch the patient for which of the following adverse effects? (Select all that apply.)

- Bradycardia
- Jaundice
- Polyuria
- Urticaria
- Fever